Identity and Child Participation Rights in Family Law Proceedings

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Webinar Overview

The **intersection** between children's UNCRC rights relating to **identity & participation in family law proceedings**:

- * Article 8: To preserve their identity [3 aspects: nationality, name & family relations]
- * Article 9(3): To maintain personal relations & direct contact with both parents on a regular basis if separated from one or both, unless contrary to their best interests
- Article 12 (1): To express their views, due weight in accordance with age & maturity (2): opportunity to be heard in any judicial & administrative proceedings affecting them
- * Article 13: Freedom of expression
- * Article 14: Freedom of thought, conscience & religion
- * Article 15: Freedom of association & peaceful assembly
- * Article 17: Access to information

What is Participation?

* Defining participation is **not straightforward**

* Not referred to in **UNCRC** \rightarrow **General Comment No 12** (2009):

This **term has evolved** and is now widely used to describe **ongoing processes**, which **include information-sharing and dialogue** between children and adults based on **mutual respect**, and in which **children can learn** how their views and those of adults are taken into account and shape the outcome of such processes.

Participation is a Fundamental Human Right ...

All people have a right to express their views when decisions are being made that directly affect their lives – and children are people too. Whether it is an individual decision about where a child will live following her parents' divorce, or broader issues ... children have a right to articulate their concerns, participate in the development of policy and be taken seriously.

> Gerison Lansdown, Promoting Children's Participation in Democratic Decision-Making, UNICEF Innocenti Insight, February 2001, p. 7

What is Identity?

A constellation of historical & evolving characteristics

- * Internal: Individual / unique characteristics & perception of one self e.g., gender, physical features, attributes, abilities
- External: Personal identity that is shaped by social & cultural context initially within the family/community → later with peers & other adults
- Collectively these characteristics provide children with an understanding of where they have come from, who they are, and the right to decide who they will become

John Tobin & Jonathan Todres (2019). Article 8: The Right to Preservation of a Child's Identity, in *The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (pp. 279-304)*. Oxford University Press, p. 283.

Identity as a Dynamic Concept

 The formation of identity is recognised as dynamic, with evolving experiences and relationships which include change and transitions.

DEEWR, (2009) Belonging, Being & Becoming - The early years learning framework for Australia, p. 20

A strong identity is underpinned by a sense of belonging – of worth and respect for who we are.

Arthur, L. Beecher, B. Death, E. Dockett, S. & Farmer, S (2012) Programming & Planning in Early Childhood Settings, 5th Edition, Cengage Learning

Children as Co-constructors of Their Own Identity

- * When they **build relationships with people** and evaluate the responsiveness of others towards them
- * This recognises children's agency → their ability to make choices and decisions and influence their world
- * Children with **positive identities** will be **more involved**

CCSA Inc & Children's Services Central, Identity: A Child's Place in the World

What are Family Law Proceedings?

- * 'Family law proceedings' → a flexible term
- * Relating to **all the areas** in which a family, and/or the children of a family, are involved
- * **Out-of-court** dispute resolution processes
- * **In-court** dispute resolution processes

Important Synergies to Consider

- Important synergies between historically unconnected areas of international family law regarding the impact of those events & proceedings on the identity of the children involved in them
- \rightarrow Within the traditional categories of family law, e.g., custody proceedings
- \rightarrow Or the less traditional categories e.g., asylum proceedings
- Freeman & Taylor Children and Young People's Identities in International Law: Life Events, Law and Selfhood (Edward Elgar Studies in International Family Law, forthcoming 2024)

Links Between Identity & Participation in Family Law Proceedings

 * Identity is also the result of how other people define the child, how he or she is understood (or not) & shown respect (or not)
 → social experiences serve as a 'mirror' for their identities

Vandenbroech, M. (2008) in Developing Positive Identities: Diversity and Young Children, in Early Childhood in Focus series Woodhead, M. & Brooker, L, The Open University.

* Role played by parents and [professionals] in assuring a child's positive identity ... and helping them respond to new and sometimes challenging situations.

Woodhead, M. & Brooker, L.(2008) *Developing Positive Identities: Diversity and Young Children*, in Early Childhood in Focus series, The Open University.

Children's Role in Defining Their Identity is More Likely to Flourish When They Can Participate

- The elevation of children's views in the determination of their identity challenges certain traditional ideas of childhood →
 children are typically relegated to the shadows → but a child's cultural, religious & family identity should not be exclusively defined by adults
- * Children must have a voice in this process consistent with their other UNCRC rights (e.g., 13, 14, 15, 17)
- * Undoubtedly adults will influence a child's identity → the UNCRC however not only anticipates but requires that children themselves play an active role in the construction & discovery of their own identity, consistent with their evolving capacities. John Tobin & Jonathan Todres (2019), pp. 291-2.

Why Opportunities to Participate in Family Law Proceedings are Important for a Child's Identity



These are **significant decisions** that impact children's safety, well-being, **identity** and belonging.

Woodman et al (2023) Children's participation in child protection – How do practitioners understand children's participation in practice? Roche & McArthur, *Child & Family Social Work*, 28(1), 125-135